VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL: ASeifer@co.marion.or.us

Marion County Hearings Officer c/o Alex Seifer 5155 Silverton Road NE Salem, Oregon 97305

RE: Conditional Use Permit 24-043 (14398 Union School RD NE, Woodburn)

Our File No: 45249-00001

Dear Madam Hearings Officer:

Please accept this letter into the record for the above referenced appeal of the approval of a non-farm dwelling on the property certain 8.4 acres of property (the "*Property*") located along the 14400 block of Union School Road NE (the "*Application*") submitted by *MKI Construction LLC*, an Oregon limited liability company, and *Leo Needs Construction LLC*, an Oregon limited liability company (collectively the "*Applicant*"). The Application was designated by Marion County as Conditional Use Case No. 24-043 and was approved, subject to four (4) conditions, by the Planning Director on January 13, 2025 (the "*Decision*"). The Decision was subsequently appealed by the neighboring property owners, Bernhard and Patricia Hitz (collectively the "*Appellant*"), on January 27, 2025 (the "*Appeal*"). A hearing was held on Thursday March 6, 2025 (the "*Hearing*") and one of parties testifying in opposition requested to hold the record open. This letter is Applicant's response to the comments made both at the Hearing and as written testimony during the seven (7) day open record period (collectively, the "*Opposition Testimony*").

As stated by the Applicant at the Hearing, the Opposition Testimony does not address the applicable approval criteria nor have any of the parties opposing the Application or appealing the Decision provided evidence into the record that rebuts the evidence provided by the Applicant that it has satisfied the applicable approval criteria. The Opposition Testimony is focused on four areas, as set out below.

I. Questions Regarding the Validity of the Soil Assessment

Prior to submitting the Application, the Applicant had a Soil Assessment Review (the "Assessment") done on the Property which has been submitted as part of this response as Exhibit 101. The Soil Assessment Review process, as setout in OAR 660-033-0045, requires the a person seeking a soils assessment to contact a "professional soil classifier," from a list of qualified individuals identified by Department of Land Conservation and Development ("DLCD") and, once the soil assessment has been completed, the assessment must be submitted to DLCD for confirmation by DLCD that the soil assessment is "soundly and scientifically based" and that the assessment meets DLCD's reporting requirements. OAR 660-033-0045(1)-(4). The Applicant followed the regulatory requirements for obtaining a soil assessment, as shown by the Applicant's Soil Assessment Completeness Review which was submitted to the County as part of the Application.

The Applicant hired Gary A. Kitzrow, CPSC (Certified Professional Soil Classifier)/CPSS (Certified Professional Soil Scientist) (the "**Soil Classifier**") certified by the Soil Science Society of America, to complete an analysis of the Property's soils. This certification requires (1) a bachelors' degree is soil science

or a related field having at least 15.0 semester credits of soils specific coursework and 45.0 semester credits of supporting coursework; (2) five (5) years of post-baccalaureate experience or 3 years of experience post receipt of a Master's or PhD; (3) Credential forms approved by board of the Soil Science Society of America; and (4) passing a subject matter exam. https://www.soils.org/certifications/become-certified/. The Soil Classifier's certifications are not the only items that establishes him as an expert in soils analysis and classification, he has also been identified by DLCD as a "professional soil classifier" and is included on the list that DLCD is required to maintain to provide the public with options for well qualified individuals to perform soil assessments. The fact that he was paid by the Applicant to provide his professional services does not indicate that he is biased.

The Assessment was based on ten (10)¹ excavations done using a backhoe and other field testing equipment. See Exhibit 101 p. 2. The location of these soil samples is identified on a map that is included the Assessment and which shows that the samples were taken at multiple points on the property, in varying locations in order to determine the makeup of the entirety of the Property. Id. 22. The Assessment than provides an analysis of the soil typology as well as discussing the historic use of the Property, including expert testimony refuting the claims set forth in the Opposition Testimony. Specifically, in analyzing the aerial from 1970, the Soil Classifier notes that "The lower valued Steiwer Variant soils along with Terrace Escarpment units (and floodway) shows inferior crop growing conditions with stunted tree crops and areas of no crops within these soil units." Id. 37.The area that the Applicant is proposing for the construction of the dwelling is within the area mapped with these soils, and specifically in Steiwer Variant (SWB) portion of the Property where the aerial photographs depict "tonal pattern difference with tree drop-out and intrusion of unwanted bush species." Id. 38.

The Assessment establishes that the Applicant has followed the regulatory process for establishing that the Property is not classified with high-value farm soils, allowing it to submit an application for a nonfarm dwelling. The Opposition Testimony has not provided evidence in the record beyond anecdotal statements that previous owners had various farm uses on the Property. The Soil Classifier addresses the historical use of the Property in the Assessment and refutes the Opposition Testimony regarding the viability of farming on the Property. The Soil Assessment process is established to ensure that a qualified professional is performing these types of assessments and, when weighing the evidence in the record, the Assessment, performed by a professional and reviewed for compliance with sound academic principles, should be given significantly more weight than memories of individuals in the vicinity that do not have firsthand knowledge of the viability of previous attempts at farming.

II. Exclusive Farm Use Zoning

Several comments within the Opposition Testimony seemed to focus on preventing the Applicant from changing the zoning on the Property. As the Applicant is not changing the zoning on the Property, but is applying for a conditional use permit, which will allow for a non-farm dwelling while maintaining the EFU zoning. As previously stated, the conditional use criteria presume some level of compatibility with the underlying zone, provided the proposed use can be developed in a way that does not adversely impact the surrounding properties. In this instance, the testimony provided by the opposition focused on the impact of the surrounding uses on the Property, namely, spray coming onto the Property from the adjacent farm use. As the Applicant provided at the Hearing, in association with this Application, the Applicant will sign a declaratory statement acknowledging that it is constructing a dwelling in the EFU and, therefore,

¹ The Applicant indicated that there were twelve (12) soil samples collected as part of the report. Upon further review, this was incorrect, the Soil Assessment identifies ten (10) testing locations.

that it understands the impact that the adjacent farm uses may have on the Property. Additionally, Oregon's right to farm laws are designed to protect farmers from liability associated with farming in the resource zones. However, in order to practically address this concern, the Applicant has already fenced the Property and will install vegetative screening to provide an additional buffer to the surrounding agricultural uses and the Applicant has proposed shifting the Property further from the neighboring agricultural uses to allow for a larger buffer.

No other specific concerns were raised with regards to the impact of the proposed dwelling beyond the philosophical position that all EFU property should be retained for farming, but the Applicant has provided evidence in the record that the noise and traffic associated with the dwelling will be well within the norm for the surrounding area. The Opposition Testimony points to the southwest corner of the Property as a preferrable location for the dwelling, but the Applicant has already demonstrated through the Assessment that its proposed location is non on high-class soils and the Opposition Testimony has not provided any evidence demonstrating that this is inaccurate.

III. The Property Has Been Commercially Farmed in the Past

The Opposition Testimony contains several variations of a statement that the prior owners actively farmed the Property, producing hazelnuts, walnuts, pears, and other garden crops until they were unable to continue due to advancing age. We believe the owners these statements refer to owned and operated the property prior to 1998. The Assessment contains historic analysis of the Property from 1950 through the present and shows that as early as the 1980s the Property was showing significant tree drop out, well before the Applicant purchased the Property in 2018 and stopped actively farming the Property. *Id.* 36-41.

Additionally, the fact that the Property may have been previously used for farming is not an applicable approval criterion for this Application. The Assessment addresses the soil classification of the soils on the Property. Upon the determination that the soils are not high class soils, the Applicant is able to apply for a conditional use permit. Under the conditional use permit, the focus of the criteria is not what can or should happen on the Property, but rather, what impact the proposed conditional uses will have on the surrounding properties.

However, even if the Property could have been commercially farmed in the past, due to the substandard soils, it is unlikely that it would be commercially viable today due to its size and the substandard soils. Based on data from the United States Department of Agriculture (the "USDA"), small farms in Marion County face significant economic challenges. According to page 1 of the USDA's most recent 2022 Census of Agriculture, County Profile for Marion County, Oregon, attached as Exhibit 102, there was a 10 percent decrease in the total number of farms in Marion County and a 5 percent decrease in the total farmed acreage in Marion County from 2017 to 2022.²

Reduced harvesting and increased expenses offer two reasons why Marion County small farms have become less economically viable over time. For example, Census data attached here as *Exhibit 103* shows Marion County small farms harvested 1,582 total acres in 2017 but harvested only 1,412 total acres

4930-5505-5148, v. 3

² 2022 Census of Agriculture, County Profile for Marion County, Oregon "Total and Per Farm Overview, 2022 and change since 2017"

in 2022.³ This represents a 10.7 percent decrease in total acres harvested by Marion County small farms. Further data from the Census, attached here as *Exhibit 104*, shows that average yearly farm expenses for all Marion County farms rose from \$222,164 in 2017 to \$310,897 in 2022.⁴ This represents a 39.9 percent increase in average yearly farm expenses among all Marion County farms. Although yearly expenses for small farms are less on average than yearly expenses for large farms, Marion County small farms have nonetheless become burdened by rising expenses. This may be partially attributable to the inability of small farms in Marion County to benefit from economies of scale, unlike large farms in Marion County.

Lastly, consolidated production of pears and hazelnuts among Marion County farms suggests smaller Marion County farms producing these commodities have become less economically viable over time. The Census data attached here as *Exhibit 105* shows that in 2017, 42 Marion County farms dedicated 136 acres to pear production. However, by 2022, only 29 Marion County farms dedicated 129 acres to pear production.⁵ Although a roughly equivalent number of acres was devoted to pear production over the 5-year period (+/- 7 acres), there were 13 fewer Marion County farms producing pears overall. The same holds true for hazelnut production, with Census data attached here as *Exhibit 106* showing that in 2017, 359 Marion County farms dedicated 16,366 acres to the production of hazelnuts.⁶ However, by 2022, only 340 Marion County farms dedicated 19,870 acres to the production of hazelnuts. In this case, more acreage was devoted to hazelnut production (+3,504 acres), but there were 19 fewer Marion County farms producing hazelnuts over the 5-year period.

In light of other statistics presented on increased farm consolidation suggests the smaller Marion County farms may be exiting pear and hazelnut production, or they may be selling their acreage to larger farms. Coupled with statistics on reduced harvesting and increased expenses, data suggests Marion County small farms, including small farms producing pears and hazelnuts, are less economically viable than they were in the past. These trends may force Marion County small farms to cease production of pears and hazelnuts, or it may force Marion County small farms to sell their acreage to larger producers of these commodities. If trends remain the same as they did from 2017 to 2022, USDA Census data suggests Marion County small farms face significant economic challenges now and in the future.

Along these lines, testimony Provided by Patricia Hitz at the Hearing and by Mikel Hitz via written testimony state that the Property has been utilized for commercial farm uses in the past and that, because their adjacent family farm is productive, the Property should be able to be commercially farmed. As the Applicant has addressed the testimony regarding the soil analysis above, it will just briefly note that the Soil Analysis establishes that the soils on the Property have a distinct pattern due to the small acreage and the presence of the creek, which result in a soil typology that is inconsistent with adjacent farm use. Additionally, the Appellant purchased adjacent properties from the previous owner of the Property at the same time that the Property was listed for sale (as indicated by the Marion County Property Records), their failure to purchase the Property at that time, even though they owned two of the abutting properties, suggests that they did not think that the Property could be farmed as part of their farming operation.

³ Page 291, 2022 Census of Agriculture – County Data

⁴ Page 259, 2022 Census of Agriculture – County Data

⁵ Page 392, 2022 Census of Agriculture – County Data

⁶ Page 396, 2022 Census of Agriculture – County Data

IV. Development of the Proposed Dwelling

The Opposition Testimony also raised concerns about potential impacts of the proposed dwelling on the waterway that bisects the Property and the associated storm water displacement caused by additional impermeable surfaces. The Proposed Dwelling will be required to comply with Marion County's stormwater detention requirements, where applicable. There is adequate space onsite to address any displaced stormwater and Marion County's engineer will have the opportunity to review any proposed stormwater detention to ensure that it complies with the engineering standards. The Decision adequately conditions this requirement in the Conditions numbered #1, 4, and 6.

Moreover, the Opposition Testimony points to MCC 17.136.030, which is not the applicable approval criteria in this Application. Rather the Applicant is applying for a Conditional Use under MCC 17.136.060, which the Applicant has addressed in detail.

The only applicable impact that the Opposition Testimony seems to argue is the alleged change in the development pattern of the surrounding area. However, the surrounding area is already typified by what is a mixture of agricultural and rural residential uses and the Property is bordered on two sides by a large agricultural parcel where additional parcelization or development would not be permitted, and neighbored on the remaining side by a similarly sized rural residential parcel. The Opposition Testimony did not provide any evidence into the record addressing how the development of the proposed dwelling will allow for additional development in the surrounding area or how the Proposed Dwelling will result in negative impacts to the surrounding area that cannot be mitigated through reasonable conditions or the Applicant's proposed screening. Rather, the Opposition Testimony instead focuses on statewide policy and the preference to preserve farmland. As addressed above, the Applicant has provided sufficient evidence in the record to demonstrate that the Property does not contain the high class soils that the Statewide Planning Goal 3 seeks to preserve. While the EFU Zone seeks to effectuate the preservation of productive farmland, the conditional use process in MCC 17.136.060 provides a mechanism for the productive use of parcels when the soils on those parcels will not allow for farm use, as is the case here. As the Proposed Dwelling falls within a defined conditional use and the Applicant has demonstrated through sufficient evidence in the record that it satisfies the applicable approval criteria, the Proposed Development is consistent with both the County and the State's policy mandate to preserve productive farmland.

Conclusion:

The Applicant has demonstrated through substantial evidence in the record that the Application either satisfies the applicable approval criteria, or that reasonable conditions of approval allow the Application to comply with those criteria. The Applicant respectfully requests that the Hearings Officer approve the Application as modified in the Applicant's updated site plan, submitted as part of its appeal response.

Sincerely,

Margaret of grande Ho

MARGARET Y. GANDER-VO margaret@sglaw.com Voice Message #374

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Ехнівіт А

SCENSUS OF County Profile



Marion County Oregon



Total and Per Farm Overview, 2022 and change since 2017

	2022	% change since 2017
Number of farms	2,477	-10
Land in farms (acres)	275,483	-5
Average size of farm (acres)	111	+6
Total	(\$)	
Market value of products sold	874,627,000	+25
Government payments	6,990,000	+250
Farm-related income	30,403,000	+6
Total farm production expenses	770,093,000	+26
Net cash farm income	141,927,000	+20
Per farm average	(\$)	
Market value of products sold	353,100	+39
Government payments a	48,879	+309
Farm-related income ^a	38,878	+19
Total farm production expenses	310,897	+40
Net cash farm income	57,298	+33

13 Percent of state agriculture sales

I U sales	
Share of Sales by Typ	De (%)
Crops	87
Livestock, poultry, and pro	oducts 13
Land in Farms by Use	e (acres)
Cropland	222,351
Pastureland	15,477
Woodland	20,310
Other	17,345
Acres irrigated: 92,166	
33	% of land in farms
Land Use Practices (9	% of farms)
No till	8
Reduced till	7
Intensive till	18
Cover crop	9

Farms by Value of Sal	es	1	Farms by Size		
	Number	Percent of Total b		Number	Percent of Total b
Less than \$2,500	859	35	1 to 9 acres	930	38
\$2,500 to \$4,999	302	12	10 to 49 acres	901	36
\$5,000 to \$9,999	272	11	50 to 179 acres	319	13
\$10,000 to \$24,999	253	10	180 to 499 acres	186	8
\$25,000 to \$49,999	151	6	500 to 999 acres	81	3
\$50,000 to \$99,999	151	6	1,000+ acres	60	2
\$100,000 or more	489	20			



www.nass.usda.gov/AgCensus

Ехнівіт В

Table 8. Farms, Land in Farms, Value of Land and Buildings, and Land Use: 2022 and 2017 (continued)

Item	2,138 2,222 336,053 314,947 142 2,138 2,222 3,497,197 2,233,596 1,535,733 1,005,254 10,406 17,092	Malheur 961 964 1,130,142 1,093,362 1,313 1,134 961 964 2,091,886 1,627,231 2,423,501	2,477 2,761 275,483 288,671 111 105 2,477 2,761 4,692,395	341 375 1,052,805 1,126,101 3,087 3,003 341 375	680 653 27,983 25,435 41 39 680	1,158 1,243 154,851 148,905 134 120	173 190 402,516 524,857 2,327 2,762
Farms	336,063 314,947 157 142 2,138 2,222 3,497,197 2,233,696 1,635,733 1,005,264 10,406	964 1,130,142 1,093,362 1,313 1,134 861 964 2,091,886 1,627,231	2,761 275,483 288,671 111 105 2,477 2,761 4,692,395	375 1,052,805 1,126,101 3,087 3,003 341 375	653 27,983 25,435 41 39 680	1,243 154,851 148,905 134 120	190 402,516 524,857 2,327
2017 384 2017 29,539 29,539	336,063 314,947 157 142 2,138 2,222 3,497,197 2,233,696 1,635,733 1,005,264 10,406	964 1,130,142 1,093,362 1,313 1,134 861 964 2,091,886 1,627,231	2,761 275,483 288,671 111 105 2,477 2,761 4,692,395	375 1,052,805 1,126,101 3,087 3,003 341 375	653 27,983 25,435 41 39 680	1,243 154,851 148,905 134 120	190 402,516 524,857 2,327
Land in farms acres, 2022 25,945 Average size of farm acres, 2022 7017 Average size of farm acres, 2022 90 2017 Estimated market value of land and buildings farms, 2022 299 2017 384 \$1,000, 2022 204,262 2017 1595,539	336,063 314,947 157 142 2,138 2,222 3,497,197 2,233,696 1,635,733 1,005,264 10,406	1,130,142 1,093,362 1,313 1,134 861 964 2,091,886 1,627,231	275,483 288,671 111 105 2,477 2,761 4,692,395	1,052,805 1,126,101 3,087 3,003 341 375	27,983 25,435 41 39 680	154,851 148,905 134 120	402,516 524,857 2,327
Average size of farm acres, 2022 90 2017 76 Estimated market value of land and buildings farms, 2022 299 2017 384 \$1,000, 2022 204,262 2017 159,539	2,138 2,222 3,497,197 2,233,696 1,635,733 1,005,264 10,406	1,313 1,134 861 964 2,091,886 1,627,231	2,477 2,761 4,692,395	3,087 3,003 341 375	41 39 680	134 120	2,327
Estimated market value of land and buildingsfarms, 2022 299 2017 394 \$1,000, 2022 204,252 2017 159,539	2,138 2,222 3,497,197 2,233,696 1,635,733 1,005,264 10,406	861 964 2,091,886 1,627,231	2,477 2,761 4,692,395	341 375	680		2.762
2017 394 \$1,000, 2022 204,252 2017 159,539	2,222 3,497,197 2,233,696 1,635,733 1,005,264 10,406	964 2,091,886 1,627,231	2,761 4,692,395	375			2,702
\$1,000, 2022 204,262 2017 159,539	3,497,197 2,233,696 1,635,733 1,005,264 10,406	2,091,886 1,627,231	4,692,395		653	1,158 1,243	173 190
	1,635,733 1,005,264 10,406	2,429,600	3,569,969	2,318,652 1,269,551	768,743 531,052	1,587,952 1,059,557	567,374 446,316
	10,406	4 507 000	1,894,386	6,799,565	1,130,504	1,371,288	3,279,620
2017 415,466 Average per acredolars, 2022 7,580	7,092	1,687,999 1,851	1,292,998 17,033	3,385,469 2,202	813,249 27,472	852,419 10,255	2,349,030 1,410
2017 5,498 2022 farms by value group:		1,488	12,367	1,127	20,879	7,116	850
\$1 to \$49,999	33 48	31 27	90 38	11 4	19 21	27 14	15 7 7
\$100,000 to \$199,999	107 466	36 260	93 427	18 85	15 91	25 319	7 24
\$500,000 to \$999,999	937	207	945	53	327	510	24 20
\$1,000,000 to \$1,999,999	273	81	414	23	124	139	24
\$2,000,000 to \$4,999,999	130 81	106 68	266 113	61 25	71 5	76 19	41 26
\$10,000,000 or more -	63	45	91	61	5 7	29	9
Approximate land areaacres, 2022 627,452	1,463,727	6,328,090	755,555	1,299,540	275,917	474,191	527,113
Proportion in farms percent, 2022 4.3	23.0	17.9	36.5	81.0	10.1	32.7	76.4
2022 size of farm: 1 to 9 acres	713	100	930	56	350	294	3
acres (D) 10 to 49 acres farms 129	3,767 798	479 239	4,308 901	(D) 55	1,504 233	1,453 489	24 19
3,169 50 to 69 acres 50 to 69 acres 32	19,323 112	6,394 39	19,339 122	1,306	5,389 27	11,506	593 5
acres 1,886	6,577	2,401	6,934	(D)	1,530	5,634	290
70 to 99 acres	99 8,369	5,055	73 6,081	354	1,928	5,522	4 303
100 to 139 acres	66	51	84	6	18	47	3
140 to 179 acres 2,159 farms 11	7,515 44	5,824 53	9,461 40	696 10	2,031	5,457 34	360 7
180 to 219 acres 1,723 180 to 219 acres 7	7,022	8,387 24	6,446 46	1,552	772	5,400 27	1,089
acres 1,407	10,147	4,760	9,367	1,854	971	5,322	599
220 to 259 acres	35 8,292	13 3,076	21 5,040	1,167	950	2,677	735
260 to 499 acres	82	71	119	27	6	36	9
500 to 999 acres 4,448 500 to 999 acres 5arms 9	28,496 54	25,822 61	42,344 81	9,734 24	2,090	11,988 31	3,487 28
acres 6,062	38,264	43,108	55,789	17,573	4,934	23,068	19,051
1,000 to 1,999 acres	64,939	60,117	56,501	44,622	5,884	13 16,597	27 43,428
2,000 acres or morefarms - acres -	34 133,352	106 964,719	19 53,873	973,570		60,227	62 332,557
2017 size of farm:	- 1	- 1	- 1			.	
1 to 9 acres 52 acres (D)	748 4,095	124 537	1,148 5.408	52 (D)	396 1,804	319 1,516	5
10 to 49 acresfarms 173	835	201	945	63	187	517	(D) 9
50 to 69 acres 4,036 50 to 69 acres 34	18,960 109	5,522 51	20,759 112	1,515 5	4,368 12	12,108 96	(D) 3
70 to 99 acres 1,963 70 to 99 acres 25	6,257 118	3,145 93	6,508 105	314 8	668 16	5,563 82	(D) 3
acres 2,133	9,577	7,535	8,402	650	1,325	6,774	(D)
100 to 139 acres	80	59	85	13	11	57	5 566
140 to 179 acres	9,014 61	7,077 64	9,743 51	1,460 10	1,299 9	6,578 27	10
180 to 219 acres 1,582 180 to 219 acres 10	9,633 32	9,929 21	7,984 33	1,479	1,383	4,204 22	1,576 6
220 to 259 acres farms 5	6,408 26	4,103 25	6,571 27	606	1,180	4,344 27	1,217
acres 1,191	6,185	5,873	6,449	(D)	(D)	6,333	-
260 to 499 acres	90	77	109	21 7 972	1.021	14 453	14
5,736 500 to 999 acres	30,822 55	28,393 81	39,099 84	7,973 39	1,031	14,453 22	5,185 16
1,000 to 1,999 acres farms 1	37,933 43	55,953 60	55,572 42	28,415 30	5,895 2	15,458 16	11,639 33
2,000 acres or more farms -	57,178 25	83,919 108	58,256 20	44,317 130	(D) 2	19,706	49,621 86
acres -	118,885	881,376	63,920	1,038,845	(D)	51,868	454,371
LAND IN FARMS ACCORDING TO USE							
Total cropland	1,391	687	1,806	230	545	872	158
2017 194 acres, 2022 3,498	1,405 250,309	726 189,847	1,898 222,351	257 499,002	512 18,543	882 117,938	171 257,887
2017 3,639 Harvested cropland	242,627 1,251	210,779 625	237,434 1,663	511,874 153	15,623 482	107,580 754	340,948 97
2017 186	1,244	694	1,718	182	481	777	124
acres, 2022 2,410 2017 2,818	215,273 186,015	140,901 179,008	190,365 197,080	240,349 275,833	13,389 11,747	95,267 87,078	102,408 137,438

-continued

Ехнівіт С

Table 9. Harvested Cropland by Size of Farm and Acres Harvested: 2022 and 2017 (continued) [For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text.]

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see in litem	and a second	Lincoln	Linn	Malheur	Marion	Morrow	Multnomah	Polk	Sherman
Farms	number, 2022	148	1,251	625	1,663	153	482	754	97
acres	2017 harvested, 2022 2017	186 2,410 2,818	1,251 1,244 215,273 186,015	694 140,901 179,008	1,718 190,365 197,080	182 240,349 275,833	481 13,389 11,747	777 95,267 87,078	124 102,408 137,438
HARVESTED CROPLAND BY SIZE OF FARM									
2022 size of farm: 1 to 9 acres	farms	34	334	37	509	5	244	163	-
10 to 49 acres	acres harvested	69 59	1,086 432	159 146	1,412 582	(D) 20 225	606 157	514 302	4
50 to 69 acres	acres harvested	452 11	5,712 69	2,293 36	7,792 100	225	1,666 22	3,503 62	12 1
70 to 99 acres	acres harvested	107 11	2,269 73	1,412 58	3,240 61	2	299 16	1,368 47	(D) 3
100 to 139 acres	acres harvested	165 9	2,521 52	2,717 43	2,895 72	(D)	798 17	1,510 35	(D)
140 to 179 acres	acres harvested	276 7	2,472 37	3,014 40	5,464 34	. 6	1,055	2,137 29	. 4
180 to 219 acres	acres harvested	236	3,256 38	3,025 20	4,302 41	422	261 3	1,989 23	617
220 to 259 acres	acres harvested	(D)	4,380 30	2,652 13	6,441 17	134	122	3,154 10	:
260 to 499 acres	acres harvested	672 8	3,074 63	2,033 62	3,271 106	(D) 7	777 6	1,178 33	4
500 to 999 acres	acres harvested	(D) 3	12,040 49	14,183 48	26,736 81	841 9	620 5	7,279 22	652 14
1,000 to 1,999 acres	acres harvested	145	27,563 45	20,530	46,134 41	3,449 19	2,265	10,883	3,597 13
2,000 acres or more	acres harvested farms acres harvested	-	49,261 29 101,639	26,835 88 62,048	46,464 19 36,214	17,462 81 217,742	4,920 - -	13,270 15 48,482	8,147 54 89,293
2017 size of farm:									
1 to 9 acres	acres harvested	41 134	324 1,139	40 154	534 1,582	8 (D) 24	286 653	163 585	(D)
10 to 49 acres	acres harvested	76 570	5,533	120 2,170	8,710	238	139 1,492	306 3,412	(D)
50 to 69 acres	acres harvested	14 (D) 13	2,205 85	32 954 82	90 2,673 80	108	195 14	62 1,511 60	3
100 to 139 acres	acres harvested	146	3,194 52	3,695 53	4,488 65		512	1,974	14 2
140 to 179 acres	acres harvested	335 10	2,033 46	3,486 38	3,908 45	162	741 9	2,995 21	(D) 5
180 to 219 acres	acres harvested	359	3,637 19	3,349 16	4,512 31	(D) 3	727	1,689	283
220 to 259 acres	acres harvested	340	1,993	1,984 25	4,862 19	416	(D)	1,645 19	(D)
260 to 499 acres	acres harvested farms	(D)	2,886 72	3,701 71	3,420 104	-	(D)	1,747 28	- 9
500 to 999 acres	acres harvested	245	14,903	19,306 74	28,813	521 10	470 8	4,563 20	2,140
1,000 to 1,999 acres	acres harvested	371	26,898 39	33,546 51	40,815 42	4,365 15	3,022	9,782 16	2,873 18
2,000 acres or more	acres harvested farms	-	44,394 22	32,847 92	46,775 20	10,501 107	(D) 2	14,901 14	10,641 73
	acres harvested	-	77,200	73,816	46,522	259,478	(D)	42,274	121,076
HARVESTED CROPLAND BY ACRES HARVES	TED								
2022 acres harvested: 1 to 9 acres	farms	88	536	86	780	16	359	330	. 5
10 to 19 acres	acres farms	(D) 21 254	2,065 215	414 78	2,717 232	64 13	1,035 37	1,231 138	(D)
20 to 29 acres	acres farms	15	2,777 76	1,021 43	3,103 107	156 7	488 19	1,813 76	5
30 to 49 acres	acres farms	345 10 355	1,686 116	1,004 68	2,462 106	145 8 297	442 33	1,741 44	121 1 (D)
50 to 99 acres	acres farms	10	4,173 90	2,460 111	4,092 96	12	1,183 12	1,661 52	2
100 to 199 acres	acres farms acres	604 3 374	5,743 53 7,560	7,732 68 10,158	6,394 106 14,562	960 9 1,326	951 9 1,017	3,489 40 5,318	(D) 15 2,153
200 to 499 acres	farms	1 (D)	7,560 68 20,716	96 30,804	123 36,865	1,326 12 3,668	1,017	36 10,490	2,153 18 5,818
500 to 999 acres	farms	(0)	20,716 36 27,213	46 32,468	71 49,325	22 16,718	2,119	17,124	11 8,588
1,000 acres or more	farms acres	-	61 143,340	29 54,840	42 70,845	217,015	4,379	57,400	40 85,507
2017 acres harvested:									
1 to 9 acres	acres	116 377	548 2,233 213	90 455	797 2,934	26 113	373 981	345 1,454	9 38
10 to 19 acres	acres	31 409	2,742	59 812	257 3,339	10 132	33 (D) 22	138 1,857	1 (D)
20 to 29 acres	acres	8 183 10	1,998 102	36 874 81	102 2,330 128	6 151 9	526 18	66 1,531 71	1
50 to 99 acres	acres farms	370 18	3,725 89	2,991 111	4,824 110	324 6	698 15	2,574 62	(D)
	acres	1,051	5,946 56	7,825 93	7,554 94	376	1,145	4,545 34	886 7
100 to 199 acres	acres	428	7,873 56	13,312 128	13,906 131	2,019 13	1,132 6	4,652 24	1,131 17
500 to 999 acres	acres farms	-	17,894 40	42,135 57	42,466 53	4,216 22	2,020	7,872 16	6,034 28
1.000 acres or more	acres farms	-	29,189 50	37,953 39	38,637 46	17,258 76	3,000	12,124 21	21,868 50
- Jane de la caracteria	acres	-	114,415	72,651	81,090	251,244	(D)	50,469	107,438

-continued

Ехнівіт **D**

Table 3. Farm Production Expenses: 2022 and 2017 (continued)
[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text.]

For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see in	eroductory text.]	Lincoln	Linn	Malheur	Marion	Morrow	Multnomah	Polk	Sherman
	farme 2022								
Total farm production expenses	\$1,000, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022 2017 dollars, 2022 2017	299 384 9,377 7,460 31,362 19,426	2,138 2,222 341,426 232,967 159,694 104,846	861 964 439,443 314,088 510,387 325,817	2,477 2,761 770,093 613,394 310,897 222,164	341 375 809,981 539,354 2,375,310 1,438,278	680 653 76,490 56,975 112,485 87,250	1,158 1,243 227,261 118,231 196,253 95,118	173 190 47,453 29,511 274,297 155,320
Fertilizer, lime, and soil conditioners	farms, 2022		1,087	391	1,466	162	312	554	98
Chemicals purchased	\$1,000, 2022 \$1,000, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022	75 125 113 97 85 112 106 55 74 76 (D) 57 6	1,159 37,637 23,043 978 1,008 24,895 14,086 638 607 15,299 9,869 54	391 484 27,318 23,375 463 521 15,015 15,101 336 337 12,949 13,328 28	1,466 1,544 54,690 42,668 1,517 1,583 47,702 37,110 994 994 96,050 34,662 112	180 55,440 26,849 160 216 39,833 22,432 134 145 28,170 22,796	319 5,451 3,005 318 228 3,620 2,027 331 297 11,553 7,578 719	557 620 16,134 8,557 618 15,066 8,177 441 337 10,019 5,429 88 64	121 9,422 3,461 108 130 6,899 4,549 93 1118 3,712 2,396
	\$1,000, 2022 2017	1	30 70	170 113	254 166	160 61	52 25	104 64	(D) (D)
Livestock and poultry purchased or leased	farms, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022 2017	83 110 (D) 232	593 710 14,122 7,656	259 294 109,281 68,799	538 810 5,687 3,450	94 124 (D)	145 130 339 202	304 308 2,306 1,083	11 24 257 231
Breeding livestock purchased or leased	farms, 2022	42	214	176	184	45	41	131	9
	\$1,000, 2022 2017	48 207 81	317 2,747 1,735	199 6,639 5,526	354 1,669 1,325	72 536 1,760	39 137 66	118 744 499	21 253 195
Other livestock and poultry purchased or leased	farms, 2022	61	459	124	432	62	108	211	4
Feed purchased	\$1,000, 2022 2017 2017 farms, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022 2017	86 (D) 151 213 305 1,126 763	495 11,376 5,920 1,401 1,556 28,989 22,326	150 102,642 63,273 568 624 96,539 43,408	564 4,018 2,126 1,203 1,538 54,104 40,748	68 (D) (D) 192 221 234,284 178,239	99 202 135 313 329 1,519 1,523	243 1,563 583 611 695 23,970 14,092	5 4 36 43 57 754 840
Gasoline, fuels, and oils purchased		278 356 509 434	2,071 2,115 16,747 11,514	844 938 16,481 14,495	2,363 2,617 31,819 21,026	310 360 17,641 9,125	660 615 3,583 2,002	1,111 1,195 8,483 4,588	141 180 3,766 2,133
Utilities	\$1,000, 2022 \$1,000, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022 2017	162 196 353 400 233 292 1,099 1,242 49 90 2,279 1,913	1,326 1,285 8,347 5,602 1,784 1,734 24,869 21,407 506 573 73,618 50,486	711 817 12,078 11,353 753 867 22,488 23,150 236 364 44,623 32,353	1,608 1,798 22,772 17,096 1,992 2,233 60,618 45,657 771 884 223,139 196,548	266 289 17,731 17,972 285 328 31,368 22,389 121 138 69,745 48,557	434 402 3,238 2,732 561 528 5,098 4,086 187 213 24,908 21,420	691 798 5,446 3,183 966 1,002 14,814 8,149 295 352 44,257 20,360	115 146 1,169 753 127 144 4,449 3,619 51 81 3,979 2,208
Contract labor	\$1,000, 2022	29 17 247 108 34 33 (D) 31	223 213 15,015 7,378 396 375 5,308	124 156 8,709 7,279 311 386 8,135	542 411 59,117 29,188 484 530 18,979	61 38 28,008 11,858 97 80 11,775	118 88 2,822 601 75 76 649	219 218 24,375 10,709 202 205 5,330	23 20 714 291 45 56 1,603
Cash rent for land, buildings,	2017		4,442	6,745	5,971	16,768	435	2,271	1,176
and grazing fees	farms, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022 2017	23 30 101 193	358 393 24,800 15,983	292 324 21,110 16,561	501 504 47,957 34,540	90 91 53,215 26,362	109 113 2,797 2,876	158 159 14,919 9,585	26 30 4,465 977
Rent and lease expenses for machinery, equipment, and farm share of vehicles	\$1,000, 2022 \$1,000, 2022 2017	9 23 54 13	179 153 3,559 2,186	67 125 2,728 3,625	275 280 7,713 5,609	35 40 (D) 3,173	51 36 254 178	70 92 2,685 1,221	18 39 491 328
Interest expense	farms, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022 2017	55 80 505 659	597 537 14,185 10,426	389 467 11,384 12,806	658 790 19,856 20,948	130 152 9,736 8,773	135 150 1,661 1,829	297 333 7,652 5,721	54 73 1,411 1,196
Secured by real estate	farms, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022 2017 farms, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022 2017	33 66 273 502 35 33 232 157	459 440 10,661 7,731 335 267 3,525 2,695	281 383 7,684 9,336 256 3,700 3,470	477 627 13,180 15,843 409 417 6,676 5,105	91 105 2,905 2,960 74 93 6,831 5,813	85 117 1,108 1,452 73 69 553 377	233 264 6,438 4,686 148 178 1,214 1,035	36 37 784 732 38 58 628 464
Property taxes paid	farms, 2022 2017 \$1,000, 2022 2017	285 377 976 915	2,695 2,005 2,045 11,901 7,355	906 6,112 5,918	2,303 2,608 16,814 12,433	3,813 342 8,878 6,156	634 595 3,726 3,027	1,035 1,075 1,181 6,025 4,327	464 164 167 1,124 1,897

See footnote(s) at end of table. -continued

Ехнівіт Е

Table 31. Fruits and Nuts: 2022 and 2017 (continued)

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text.]

	<u> </u>			2022						2017			
Geographic area		Total		age acres		ng age acres		Total		age acres	_	ng age acres	
DEADS ALL CO	Farms	Acres	Farms	Acres	Farms	Acres	Farms	Acres	Farms	Acres	Farms	Acres	
PEAR8, ALL - Con.											1		
Counties - Con.													
Columbia	10	(D)	8	4	3	(D)	36	11	31	10	6	_1	
Crook	4	1 1	4	(D)	1	(D)	8	(D) (D)	3 5	(D) (D)	6	(D)	
Curry	8	3	8	3	3	(Z)	5 7	2	4	(D) (D)	3	(D)	
Douglas	9 28	6 16	5 20	(D) 14	4 9	(Z) (D) 2	7 41	(D)	7 25	(D) 17	13	5	
Gillam	20	10	-	17	-	-	2	(D)	35 2 2	(D)	I -I		
Grant	6	1	4	(D)	71	(D)	6	(D) 22 (D) (D) 12,122	2	(D)	4	(D) 661	
Hood River	166 64	10,645 3,678	160 47	10,026 3,537	34	619 141	202 60	3,818	202 50	11,461 (D)	73 15	(D)	
	1	1 1											
Josephine	11	5	11	(D)	1	(D)	38	11 (D)	32	10 (D)	13	2	
Lane	69	34	46	21	29 2 22	12	100	61	69	38	40	23	
Lincoln	7 34	60	5 23	(D) 49	22	(D) 11	10 40	4 48	7 31	(D) 46	3 12	(D) 3	
Malheur	1	(D)	1	(D)	-	-	-	-	-	-	I -I		
Marion	29 3	129 11	26 3	(D) (D) 8	3	(D) 2	42 2	136 (D)	41	(D) (D)	8 2	(D) (D)	
Multnomah	23	10	19	9	4	1	45	13	34	12	13	(0)	
Polk	23 27	18	20	14	12	3	33	18	30	16	6	2 2	
Tiliamook	,	(D)	,	(D)		_	_	_		_	l .		
Umatila	2 6	(D)	2 4	(D)	3	(D)	12	(D)	12	(D)	1	(D)	
Union	5 2 7	(D) (D)	-	-	5	(D) (D) (D) 86 6	11 3	Q	9	(D) (D) 176 24	2 1	(D) (D) (D) 67	
Wallowa	7	706	1 7	(D) 621	1 5	(D) 86	11	(D) 243	10	176	81	(D) 67	
Washington	51	24	44	18	15	6	66	29	60	24	15 2	5	
Yamhii	5 50	(D) 16	5 42	(D) 15	4 11	1 2	4 40	(D) 243 29 (D) 26	2 26	(D)	16	(D) 10	
						-					I "I		
PEARS, BARTLETT											1		
State Total													
Oregon	490	4,298	400	3,991	160	307	608	3,786	525	3,405	165	381	
Counties													
											1		
Baker	4	7	3	(D)	1	(D)	3	2	3	2 8			
Benton	33 30	4	22 20	5	12 11	2	27 45	11 40	14 39	38	20 12	2 2	
Clatsop	5 8	(D)	4	(D)	1	(D) (Z)	-	-	-	-		-	
Coos	8	(D) (D) (D)	4 6 1	(D) (D) (D)	3	(Z)	24 3	4 (D)	22 3	(D) (D)	2	(D)	
Crook	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	(D) (D) (D) (D)	1	(D)	I -I	-	
Deschutes	1 5	(D) (D)	1 5	(D) (D)	-	-	1 4	(D)	4	(70)	1	(D)	
Douglas	19	(0)	17	(D)	2	(D)	19	(0)	16	(D) 9	3	1	
Gilliam						_	,	(D)	2	(D)	I .	_	
Grant	6	1	4	(D)	2 45	(D)	2	(D)	1	(D)	2	(D)	
Hood River	140	3,340	136	3,161	45	179	172	3,027 342	170	2,730	46	297	
Jackson	47 4	(D)	33 4	(D) (D)	21	34 (D)	44 22		40 21	(D) (D)	8	(D) (D)	
Lake	-		-	-	-	-	1	(D)	1	(D) 17	I -I		
Lincoin	34 4	13 (D)	26	11 (D)	10	2	58 7	(D) 24 2 23 78	38 5	17 (D)	23 2 5 7	8 (D)	
Linn	22 17	49	4 14	45	11	4	19	23	16	(D) 22 77	5	1	
Marion	17	67	15	(D)	2	(D)	30	78	28	77	7	1	
Моттом	3	2	-	-	3	2	1	(D)	1	(D)	1	(D)	
Multnomah	19	4 7	15	3	4	1	20	5	18	(D)	2 3	(D) (D)	
PolkTilamook	15	ന്	13	4 (D)	5	3	14	6	11	(D)	3	(0)	
Umatila	15 2 6	(D)	2 4	(D)	3	(D)	12	16	12	(D)	1	(D)	
Union	1 1	(D)	1	(D)	1	(D) (D) (D) 65	8	(D) (D) 138	6	(D) (D) 92 13	2	(D)	
Wasco	2 6	254	6	189		65	9	138	8	92	6	46	
Washington	22	12	16	8	5 9	4	31	15	27	13	7	_1	
Yamhii	34	8	28	7	7	1	2 25	(D) 17	17	13	6 7 2 9	(D)	
PEARS, OTHER THAN BARTLETT													
											1		
State Total											1		
Oregon	563	11,287	445	10,669	229	618	732	12,987	607	12,297	235	690	
Counties													
Baker	4	4	4	4	-	-	5	2	4	(D)	1	(D)	
Benton	35	8	25	5	13	3	33	15	28	14	5	2	
Clackamas	47	10 (D)	13	4	34 2	6 (D)	55	13 (D)	40	9	18 1	(D)	
Clatson	7	3	7	(D)	1	(D) (D) (D)	25	8	21	(D)	4	(D) (D)	
Columbia			3	1	1	(D)	8	(D)	2	(D)	6	(D)	
Columbia	4	(D)		-1	1					4		_	
Ciatsop	4 - 8	(D)	8	(D)	3	(Z)	5	(D)	5 4	(D)	3	(D)	
Clatsop Columbia Coos Crook Curry Deschutes	4 8 9	(D) (D)	8	(D)	4	(Z) (D)	5 6	1	4 6	1	I -I	-	
Ciatsop	4 - 8	(D)	8	(D) (D) (D)		(Z) (D) (D)	5	13	4 6 24	(D) 1 9	3	5	
Clatsop Columbia Coos Crook Curry Deschutes	4 8 9	(D) (D) 5	8	(D)	4	(Z) (D) (D)	5 6	1	4 6	1	I -I	-	

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Ехнівіт F

Table 31. Fruits and Nuts: 2022 and 2017 (continued)

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text.]												
Geographic area		Total		2022 g age acres	Norhead	00 308 3090		Total		2017 g age acres	Nonhead	no son scree
Geographic area	Farms	Acres	Farms	Acres	Farms	ng age acres Acres	Farms	Acres	Farms	Acres	Farms	ng age acres Acres
ALMOND8 - Con.												
Counties - Con.												
Union	2	(D) -	2	(D) -	:	-	- 1 3	(D) (D)	1	(D) (D)	- 2	- (D)
CHESTNUTS												
State Total												
Oregon	67	233	53	177	26	57	48	202	41	140	14	62
Counties						-	-					
Benton Clacksmas Columbia Coos Columbia Coos Columbia Coos Columbia Coos Columbia Coos Columbia Coos Columbia C	46.2.22225 474386	27 43 (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) 57 57 15 15 (D) 7	44'2'22295 473261	(D)	401-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	(D) (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) (4 (D) (4 (D)	331-1131774 583-53	7 (D)	3311111174 573153	7 (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) (D)		000000000000000000000000000000000000000
HAZELNUTS (FILBERTS)												
State Total												
Oregon Counties	1,364	87,128	1,180	69,213	599	17,915	1,331	68,378	988	43,180	765	25,198
Baker Benton Clackamas Clatsop Columbia Curry Douglas Hood River Jackson Jefferson Josephine	3 70 167 2 1 1 33 - 14 1	(Z) 10,875 8,769 (D) (D) - 439 - 13 (D)	3 48 147 1 1 25 8 1	(Z) 8,933 6,642 (D) - 322 (D) (D) (D)	45 79 1 17 17	1,942 2,128 (D) - - 117 (D) (D)	3 56 151 1 7 1 31 2 2 2	(D) 3,551 6,216 (D) (D) (D) 286 (D) (D) (D)	2 39 110 7 17 2 1	(D) 1,482 4,490 (D) (D) (D) (D)	1 35 90 1 1 26 2	(D) 2,070 1,725 (D) (D) (D) (D) (D)
Klamath Lane Lincoln Linn Marion Martion Holiston Polk Umatilia	158 2 167 340 3 61 3	3,964 (D) 10,915 19,870 9 5,368 (D)	143 144 322 3 50 2	3,052 (D) 16,067 (D) (D)	49 2 86 126 3 27 1 2	912 (D) 3,804 (D) (D) (D) (D)	1 139 124 359 15 51	(D) 3,824 7,972 16,366 87 9,579	80 279 2 41	2,878 3,919 10,415 (D) 6,652	97 213 13 33	(D) 947 4,053 5,950 (D) 2,927
Union	157 175	(D) - 8,903 17,938	125 152	(D) - 7,340 14,272	78 74	1,564 3,666	4 2 164 203	2 (D) 5,715 14,710	4 2 124 156	2 (D) 4,349 (D)	- 88 107	1,367 (D)
PECANS, ALL												
State Total												
Oregon	-		-	_		-	2	(D)	-		2	(D)
Curry	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	(D) (D)	:	:	- 1	(D) (D)
PECANS, IMPROVED												
State Total												
Oregon	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	(D)	-	-	2	(D)
Counties												
Curry	=	=	=	=	:	Ξ	1	(D) (D)	=	:	1	(D) (D)
State Total												
Oregon	242	1,317	196	1,241	64	76	305	884	255	828	69	56